

THE MARYLAND GAZETTE.

Containing the freshest Advices, Foreign and Domestic.

WEDNESDAY, June 20, 1750.

The Remainder of the Lord Bishop of London his Letter to the Clergy and People of London and Westminster, on Occasion of the late Earthquake, which was begun in our last.

TO you my Brethren of the Clergy, who share with me the Care of the Souls in these populous Cities, let me exhort You, (though I trust you want not to be exhorted) to awaken the People, to call them from the Lethargy in which they have too long lived, and make them see their own Danger. Speak to them, *persuade them as knowing the Terrors of the Lord*. — Speak to their Hearts and Consciences with such Plainness as becomes the Ministers of the Gospel; tell them in *Season and out of Season, that unless they repent, they must perish*. If the Warnings we have had are a Call on the People to Repentance, remember they are still stronger Calls on us, to *preach Repentance*, and to discharge the Duty we owe to God and his Church, and to the Flock of Christ, over whom we are placed. May this Work of God prosper in our Hands!

I should be wanting to the Duty I owe to the highest as well as the lowest, should I omit on this Occasion to remind those who are entrusted by their Country, with the Government of these populous Cities, how much the Welfare of the People depends upon the faithful Execution of the Law. I pretend not to accuse *them particularly of Neglect, a general Neglect* of this Kind is one of the worst Symptoms of the Time; every Man is left to do what is right in his own Eyes, one would think *there was no King in Israel*. Could the vile abominable Pictures of Lewdness have been offered to Sale in the most frequented Parts of the City; could Books for the Instruction of the Unexperienced in all the Mysteries of Iniquity have been publicly cried in our Streets; had not the Laws, and the Guardians of the Laws, been asleep? — But surely it is high Time to awake; and to let People once more know, (what seems to be almost forgotten) that Laws are made for the Punishment of Wickedness and Vice, and for the Maintenance of true Religion.

GOVERNMENT is a great Trust, and the Powers of it are not intended merely to do Honour to those who have them, but must be used for the Good of the Community. This is a Truth sufficiently known, it has been founded in the Ears of the Nation, without Ceasing; but their Misfortune is, that this Doctrine has been applied so constantly to the *Supreme Magistrate* only, that those who have *subordinate Powers* derived from his Authority, forget, or are not accustomed, to make the Application to themselves. And yet surely, there is not a Constable but has, in Proportion to the Power the Law gives him, a Trust reposed in him in Behalf of his King and his Country: Those who are in higher Offices, have still greater Reason, as more depends upon the due Exercise of their Authority, to be watchful for the Community. The Good of Society must be influenced by their Conduct and Example, one Way or other. Great Officers of Justice cannot be *useless*, without being *pernicious*.

Is a Regard for the Public not a Motive strong enough in this Case, let every Magistrate consider that there is another of infinite Importance to himself; for if all Power be the Ordinance of God, He will undoubtedly demand an Account of the Exercise of it: And who is he, that has so little to answer for on his own Account, as willingly to subject himself to be answerable for the Sins of others, which either by his Encouragement, or his Connivance, he makes his own? Pardoes the Freedom of this Address; I honour and reverence your Office, and I hope I give you no Occasion to despise mine.

NEXT to those in public Offices of Power and Trust, the

Happiness of the Public depends upon those who have the Government in private Families. Here it is that the Youth of the Nation must be formed, and if they are suffered to be corrupted in their Religion or Morals before they come into the World, there is little Hope that the World will reform them. All wise Men, Legislators, and Princes, have acknowledged, not only the Use, but the Necessity of an early Education to form the Mind, whilst tender, to the Principles of Honour and Virtue; and what is more, the wisest of all, the Writers inspired by the Holy Spirit, have required it as a Duty from Parents, and as Part of the Obedience they owe to God: Even our Unbelievers have seen how far Religion depended on this Care; and under a Pretence of maintaining the Liberty of the human Mind, and guarding it against early Prejudices, they have endeavoured to persuade the World, that Children should be taught nothing of Religion, but be left to form Notions for themselves. They have had but too great Success, and we begin to see the Fruits of it. The Children of this Age, grow soon to be Men and Women, and are admitted to be Partners, and Witnesses to the Follies and Vices of their Parents. Thus trained and educated, when they come to be Masters and Mistresses of Families, they answer fully what was to be expected from them; they are often a Torment to each other, and to themselves, and have Reason to bemoan themselves for the Indulgence shewn them in their early Days.

WOULD you see the Effects of this Education in all Orders among us, look into the many Public Assemblies; sometimes you may see Old Age affecting the Follies of Youth, and counterfeiting the Airs of Gaiety; sometimes Men lying in wait to seduce Women, and Women to seduce Men; and even Children seriously employed at the Gaming Table, as if their Parents were contented to form them early to the Tattle of the Age, and were afraid that they should not soon enough of themselves, find the Way to their Ruin.

LOOK near Home: See the Temptations of this Sort which surround these Cities, and are indeed so many Snares to catch your Sons and Daughters and Apprentices. Can you look on, and be unconcerned? For God's Sake, and for the Sake of your Children and your Country take the Courage to act like Parents and Masters of Families: Reformation must begin in private Families; the Law and the Magistrate can punish your Children when they become wicked; but it is you, who must make them good, by proper Instruction and proper Government. If you suffer them to meet Temptation, where Temptation is sure to meet them, never complain of him who corrupts your Child, you are the Corrupter yourself; to you he owes it, that he is undone. And perhaps there is not a more provoking Circumstance, nor a greater Call for Divine Vengeance on a wicked Nation, than this; that the Youth are prepared and brought up to inherit all the Vices of their Fathers, which cut off all Prospect of Reformation; and stands as a Bar between us and Mercy.

On you therefore, Fathers and Mothers, your Country, and the Church of God call for Assistance; your Endeavours may go a great Way towards saving us, and this wicked Generation may be spared, for the Hope of seeing the next better.

Is a Word, let every Man, whatever his Station is, do his Part towards averting the Judgement of God: Let every Man reform himself, and others as far as his Influence goes: This is our only proper Remedy; for the dissolute Wickedness of the Age, is a more dreadful Sign and Prognostication of Divine Anger, than even the Trembling of the Earth under us.

To our own Endeavours, let us add continual and fervent Supplications to the Almighty, that he would spare us, and not

deal with us according to the Multitude of our Sins; that he would give us the Grace of Repentance, and open our Eyes to see, before it is too late, the Things which belong to our Salvation.

MAY the God of all Mercy hear you, in this Day of your Distress! To his Protection, and the Grace of our Lord Jesus I earnestly recommend you. I am,

Your Affectionate Brother, and

Servant, in Christ Jesus,

THO. LONDON.

WHITE HALL, March 7.

Extract of a letter arrived this day from Ambrose Stamford, Esq; his majesty's consul at Algiers; to his grace the duke of Bedford, one of his majesty's principal secretaries of state.

Algiers the 8th of February, 1749|50.

I HAD the honour of writing to your grace the 14th of January, but did not receive your grace's favour of the 13th of October, till the 26th of last month, for want of an opportunity from Mahon, from which time 'till now there has been an embargo upon all shipping, according to the custom of this place, when they are careening and fitting out their vessels for sea. The ten xebecs are gone, and the Macho and her prize will go in two or three days; however the Dey has for this once broke through the rule, and has ordered a vessel for Leghorn to sail immediately, in order for me to transmit the following account to your grace; and his letter to your minister.

Of the four ships of this place which were out on a cruise, three returned without any prize; but the fourth (thought to be lost) at last arrived on the 3d inst. and reported he had taken a ship belonging to Lubek, laden with deals and pipe staves, and a Spanish snow packet boat laden with tobacco, &c. from the Havannah, but that he had been separated from them by bad weather, as also from five English vessels he had taken because their passes were not good: He had taken three or four people out of each vessel, and put an equal number of Moors on board, so that he brought here 20 people in all, of which one of each ship is either mate or boatswain: As soon as I found this, I applied immediately to the Dey, who was very much surprized at this affair, and immediately ordered examination to be made into the matter, I accordingly took the deposition of the officer and people of each ship, who all declared upon oath, that to the best of their knowledge, their respective passes were good and lawful; that the fault the captain of the cruiser found in one, was some deficiency in the mizen mast, and the rest, that some were broader and some shorter than his counterpart of the scollop, or indenture, tho' a very trifle, which the said officer, said might happen by the passes or their counterparts being kept in moist or drier places as parchment will give in the former, and shrink in the latter; and as the captain had little to say in contradiction, the Dey immediately sent all the people to my house, and declared to me, that if any of the said vessels should come in, they should be supplied with provisions, and sent away on their respective voyages, and declared further, that the action was rash and stupid: Next day the Dey informed me, that he had broke the captain and that he never more should serve in his employ; and that he had determined to have strangled him, but was prevented by the strong interposition of the musti and others, of the divan, on account of the celebration of the nativity of the prophet Mahomet. But he said he would give such orders, that nothing of this sort should happen again, and then swore by his prophet, that if any one controverted these orders, whether with regard to passes, or any other point of conduct regarding the British flag, he should take his head; and this I find he has told to every one who has come before him as he has been in a continued fret ever since, and indeed all sorts of people exclaim against this rapid and rash proceeding: The vessel which carries this is dispatched by the Dey express under my direction, and will go to Mahon, and if the commodore has no more expeditious way of forwarding it, the vessel proceeds directly with it to Leghorn.

L O N D O N.

April 14. Yesterday morning the great boxing match between Broughton and Slack the butcher was decided, when Broughton was fairly beat in 13 minutes and 11 seconds, as near as can be computed. The first two minutes the odds for

Broughton were twenty to one, but Slack soon recovered himself, changed the bets, by closing the eyes of his antagonist, and following him close at the same time, gained a complete victory, so the no small mortification of the knowing ones, who were fairly let in. Before they began, Broughton gave Slack the ten guineas to fight him, according to his promise, which Slack immediately betted against 100 guineas offered by a gentleman against him. — The money received at the door amounted to 130 l. besides 200 tickets at a guinea and half a guinea each. — So that it is thought, what with the money received at the door, that for the tickets, (as they fought for the whole house) and the odds Slack took, that he did not clear less than 600 l.

Letter from Chester, dated April 4.

The accounts of an earthquake here on the 18th past were premature, but seemed to prepare us for one, which happened on Monday last, the 2d instant, at a quarter past ten at night. The shock was very sensibly felt all over the city, but more violently in the suburbs, and much more so in some houses than others. The effects indeed were, only dwellings shook, bells in spring-wires rang, chairs and tables tottered, &c. and a heap of pit-coal, piled up against a wall, was shook down into the yard. We have the like account from several places at about ten miles distant from hence. The discourse all yesterday was, how people were differently affected the night before.

By letters from Liverpool we have an account, that last Monday night, about ten o'clock, they had a violent shock of an earthquake at that place, which threw down several buildings, but chiefly old houses. The same shock was also felt in several other places in the neighbourhood of that town, particularly at Chester, where the shock was so violent, as to throw down twelve houses, part of the Town Hall, and upwards of an hundred chimnies, &c. by which great damage was done to several people, a gentleman being killed by a brick falling from the top of an house, and the bells of St. Mary's church rang. — This earthquake was likewise felt at Warrington in Lancashire, and may certainly be depended upon as fact, tho' some people at first question'd the truth of it.

Extract of a Letter from Liverpool, April 13.

On the 2d instant about ten at night, was felt a smart shock of an earthquake; it was felt pretty near 40 miles north and south, and about 30 leagues east and west. I perceived the motion distinctly, it was partly a vibratory motion, and did not continue above two or three seconds of time. It alarmed the inhabitants pretty much, but did little damage. I was immediately apprehensive what it was, went out to observe the air, and found a much stranger appearance than ever I before saw; great mists of blood-red rays converged from all parts of the heavens to one dark point, but no luminous body could be seen. This uncommon appearance dispersed in about 15 minutes.

A N N A P O L I S.

Last Thursday arrived in Patuxent the Ship *Nephrus*, Capt. Jeremiah Bigg, from London; with whom came Passengers, Mr. Samuel Galloway, Mr. John Chesley, and Mr. Charles Graham, Merchants, of this Province.

We hear there is a great quantity of Goods Imported in Capt. Bigg.

A D V E R T I S E M E N T S.

To be SOLD by Public Vendue,

On Thursday the 5th of July next, at the Dwelling House late of William Peele, of London-Town, deceased,

A PARCEL of likely Country-born Slaves, consisting of Men, Women and Children; also a Parcel of Cattle, Sheep, Horses, Plantation Utensils, and Household Furniture: Likewise the Crop of Corn and Tobacco, now on the Ground. The Sale to begin at 11 o'Clock in the Forenoon, and to continue 'till all are Sold.

All Persons indebted to the Estate of the said William Peele, are desired to come and make Payment; and those who have any Demands against the said Estate, are requested to bring in their Accounts, that they may be adjusted.

JAMES DICK, }
JAMES MOUAT, } Executors,
JAMES NICHOLSON, }

TO BE SOLD by Public Vendue,

At the Dwelling House, of Mr. John Lomas, on Thursday the 12th Day of July, at 2 o'Clock in the Afternoon, and to continue till all are sold.

GREAT Variety of Household Goods, chiefly very good, consisting of Beds and Bedding, Tables, Chairs, a very good Jack, Pewter, Brass, and Iron-Ware, &c.

JOHN LOMAS.

A very good Dwelling House and Lot, situate over against the Dwelling House of Edmund Jennings, Esq; in Annapolis, which rents for 14l. a Year, in good Repair, to be Sold. Any Person inclining to purchase may treat with the said Lomas.

N. B. The said John Lomas intending for London, by this Shipping, hereby gives public Notice thereof.

THE following is a List of Law-Books, which are to be Sold at the Prices annexed, if pick'd and chosen; but if any Person buys the whole Parcel, the Proprietor will abate four Pounds in the gross Sum of the whole: For Information where they may be had, enquire of the Printer of this Paper.

	FOLIO		l. s. d.
Coke's Commentary on Littleton, 4 London,	1684.	1	10 6
— Reports, in English,	1688.	0	10 0
— Ditto, in English, Parts, 5, 6, 7, 8,	1660.	0	10 6
— Ditto, in Latin, Parts, 1, 2, 3,	1636.	0	6 0
— Ditto, in French, Part 4,		0	2 6
— Entries, in 3 Volumes,	1614.	1	0 0
— Ditto, in one Volume,	1614.	0	15 0
Roller's Abridgement, 2 Volumes,	1668.	2	15 0
Morr's Reports,	1688.	0	13 0
Sir George Croke's Reports, (careful title),			
Bridgman's Conveyances,	1710.	1	0 0
Pulton's Collection of Statutes,	1632.	0	7 6
Clift's Entries,	1719.	1	5 0
Nilson's Abridgement of the Common Law, 3 Volumes,	1726.	3	10 0
Sheppard's Common Assurances of Deeds,	1669.	0	3 0
Croke's Reports, 2d and 3d Volumes, 1613,	1659.	1	10 0
Modern Reports, 4th Part,	1703.	0	15 0
Chancery Cases, 2 Volumes,	1697.	1	10 0
Savill's Reports,	1688.	0	6 0

QUARTO

Brownlow's Reports,	1651.	0	6 0
Swinburn of Wills, (careful title),			
OCTAVO and DUODECIMO.			
Every Man his own Lawyer,	1736.	0	5 0
Wingate's Abridgement of the Statutes,	1704.	0	2 6
Try's per pais, or Law concerning Juries,	1702.	0	1 6
Washington's Abridgement of the Statutes, 2 Volumes,	1708.	0	5 0
Nilson's Abridgement of the Statutes, 2 Volumes,	1717.	0	5 0
Law of Executors,	1706.	0	5 0
Molloy's Treatise Maritima,	1690.	0	6 0
Review of the Statutes,	1713.	0	3 0
Jacob's Student's Companion,	1725.	0	3 6
Infractor Clericall,	1706.	0	5 0
Natura Brevium,	1704.	0	1 6
Lutwyche's Reports, 2 Volumes,	1718.	0	10 0
Hale's Pleas of the Crown,	1685.	0	5 0
Infractor Clericall, 2d Volume,	1705.		
Bobus's Instructions for Clerks and Practitioners, &c.	1732.	0	2 6
Nilson's Office of a Justice of Peace,	1711.	0	2 6
Bobus's Curfus Cancellarius,	1723.	0	5 0
Law of Ejedments,	1700.		
Bobus's Scrivener's Guide,	1716.	0	3 0
Law of Covenants,	1711.	0	1 6
Perle's Guide for a young Lawyer, (careful title),			
Young Clerk's Guide,	1690.	0	2 6
Terms de Ley,	1679.	0	1 6
Lex Parliamentaria,	1699.	0	1 6
Dow's Tenancy, Poundage, &c.	1656.	0	4 0
Oliver's Young Clerk's Tutor, enlarged,	1717.	0	1 0
Young Clerk's Companion,	1672.	0	1 6
Alibi's Tables,	1653.	0	2 0
Foster's Layman's Lawyer,	1650.	0	1 6

CHOICE good CHESHIRE CHEESE, at Nine Pence per Pound, to be Sold at Mr. Patrick Crogan's in Annapolis.

Annapolis County, June 16, 1750.

RAN away from the Subscriber, a Servant Man, named John Sedgewick, a small brisk lively looking Fellow, of a brown Complexion, talks broad, is a Shoemaker by Trade; is a great Liar and Thief; and had on an Iron Collar about his Neck, which perhaps may be cut off: He had with him both fine and coarse Linen Shirts, Thread and Worsted Stockings, and a Pair of turn'd Pumps. Whoever secures the said Fellow, so as his Master may have him again, shall have Three Pounds Reward of the Currency where taken.

CHARLES GRIFFITH.

IN Pursuance of a late Act of Assembly, Notice is hereby given, That there is at the Plantation of Mr. John Lucas, in Prince George's County, a Sorrel Mare about 14 Hands high, taken up as a Stray; has no Brand, she has a small Star in her Forehead, a small bit out of her left Ear, and has the Poll Evil.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

IN Pursuance of a late Act of Assembly, Notice is hereby given, That there is at the Plantation of Mr. Enock Magruder, in Prince George's County, a small Black Mare, taken up as a Stray; she has a Star in her Forehead, and is Branded on the near Buttock with a Mark something like T B joined together, and laid on side-ways, the m being uppermoil.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

To be SOLD,

AMULATTO Slave, a good Blacksmith by Trade: For Terms enquire of Mr. Robert Morris at Oxford, or John Caille at Cambridge.

To be SOLD at PUBLIC VENDUE,

On Friday, the 20th Day of this Instant June, at Elbow of the Clock in the Foreman precisely, by the Subscriber, at the Plantations late Mr. Samuel Hyde's, in Prince George's County, the following Tracts of Land in the same County; viz.

HIS Lordship's Kindness, containing 6700 Acres, upon which there is a good Water Mill.

The several Tracts, containing 2500 Acres, upon which is a good Dwelling House, and seven Negro Quarters, with Tobacco and Corn Houses, all in good Repair.

BENEDICT CALVERT.

Kent Island, June 2, 1750.

RAN away on the 31st, of May last, at Night, from the Subscriber, a Servant Man, named John Carrier, about 5 Feet 9 Inches high, has a thin Visage, and has been a Sailor and sweats very much; it is probable he will make towards Virginia, for he came from thence about 18 Months ago. He had on a blue Pea Jacket, much worn, new Osnabrigs Shirt, wide Osnabrigs Trowsers and a pair of Shoes, and an old Felt Hat. Whoever secures the said Servant, so as his Master may have him again, shall have Two Pistoles Reward.

NICHOLAS CLOUDS.

STRAYED, from the Subscriber, the Beginning of May last a likely well made Bay Gelding, about 14 Hands high, and 6 Years old, has a hanging Mane, and spriggy Tail, Branded on the near Shoulder or Buttock with B P, the Letters not well made; he has good Courage, and carries his Tail pretty much on one side when he is rode. He was bred at Monocacy or Marsh Creek, and perhaps may be gone that way.

Whoever delivers the said Horse to the Subscriber at Annapolis, shall receive Two Pistoles Reward.

NICHOLAS MACCURREN.

RICHARD WAGSTAFFE, of Annapolis, PERUKE MAKER,

HEREBY gives Notice, That he intends soon to depart this Province, and all Persons who have any Demands on him are desired to bring in their Accounts, that they may be adjusted and paid: Likewise those who are Indebted to him, are desired to be very speedy in Payment, or their Accounts will be put into an Attorney's Hands.

RICHARD WAGSTAFFE.

N. B. He has a few Perukes ready made, which he will dispose of very Cheap, such as Ramillies, Albermarles and Bobs, &c.

TO BE SOLD,

On board the PRINCE FRADERICK, JAMES CAWLEY, Com-
mander, lying in the North-West Branch of Patuxent,

FINE Dutch Beer, at 7 s. Sterling per Dozen; fine
London Ale, at 2 l. 5 s. Sterling per Hogshead; very fine
White Wine, at 18 s. Sterling per Dozen.

JUST IMPORTED,

In the BETSY, Capt. JAMES HALL, from London,

And to be SOLD

By the Subscriber, at his Store in Annapolis, where Mr. Robert
Swan lately kept Store,

GREAT Variety of European and East-India Goods, ei-
ther by Wholesale or Retail, at very reasonable Rates,
for ready Current Money; Gold, Silver, Bills of Exchange;
Tobacco, or short Credit. JAMES DICK.

N. B. The said Dick has Variety of Rigging great and
small, of the London-Town Make, to dispose of, at reasonable
Rates.

RAN away from the Subscriber near South River Ferry,
on the 31st Day of May last, a Mulatto Man named Gay,
about 5 Feet and a half high, luffy and well-set, and has a
down Look. Whoever secures him so as the Subscriber may
have him again, shall have Twenty shillings Reward, besides
what the Law allows, if taken ten Miles from home.

JOHN GASSAWAY.

ALL Persons indebted to the Estate of Mr. James Shann-
ker, late of Baltimore County, Merchant, deceased, are
desired to pay their respective Debts to the Subscriber, his Ex-
ecutrix, without further Notice or Trouble: And those who
have any Demands against the said Deceased's Estate, are desir-
ed to bring them in, that they may be adjusted.

ELIZABETH SLEMAKER, Executrix.

RAN away from the Subscriber in Baltimore County, the
24th of April last, a Servant Man named John Henniffe,
by Trade a Shoemaker, born in Ireland, is about 30 Years of
Age, middle fix'd, full faced, and is a very bold luffy
Fellow, very much addicted to Drink; had on an old Lead-
colour'd Broad Cloth Coat, a Country Linnea Jacket, Leath-
er Breeches with Brass Buttons, large Sailor's Trowsers, two
Pair grey Worsted Stockings, old Pumps, a black Wig, and
sometimes wears a double Silk Cap: He took with him a Bay
Mare with a Star in her Forehead, trot well; a Hunting Saddle,
and a Snaffle Bridle: He was seen at Greenock on the
same Day he absconded. Whoever secures the said Servant, to
as he may be had again, if taken in Baltimore County, shall
have Forty Shillings Reward; and if taken in any other Place,
Five Pounds of the Currency where taken; paid by

JOHN PACA, Junior.

To be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDOR,

At the House of Mr. Samuel Soumain, in Annapolis, on Friday
the 22d Day of this Instant June, at 3 o' Clock in the After-
noon precisely,

A VARIETY of very good Household Goods, which
formerly belonged to Mrs. Minkie, deceased, consisting
of Beds, Bedding, Chairs, Tables, Table-Linnen, Looking-
Glasses, a Clock, Desks, Chests of Drawers, China and Glass
Ware, Pewter, Brass, and Iron Ware, and a very good Jack;
for Ready Money. SAMUEL SOUMAIN, } Executors.
JOHN THOMPSON. }

SAMUEL OSBAND, SAIL-MAKER

Who served his Time in Rhode-Island,

HEREBY gives Notice, That he will make Sails for
Ships, or other Vessels, in the best Manner, and at
reasonable Rates.

N. B. He may be found at Mr. Creagh's, or Mr. Wil-
liamson's in Annapolis.

JUST IMPORTED, in the Ship BETSY;

A VARIETY of European and India Goods; and are
to be Sold at Reasonable Rates, by the Subscriber, near
the Stadt-House, where Mr. William Roberts lately kept
Store. WILLIAM STEWART.

To be SOLD by JOHN THOMPSON, at his House in
Annapolis,

FINE fresh bolted FLOUR, good Barbadoes Rum,
Melasses and Muscovado Sugar, by Wholesale or Retail;
Also Pipes, Raisins, Tamarinds, &c. at very cheap Rates.

CHOICE good JELLY SOAP, by the Case, or in
small Quantities, to be Sold cheap, by
GEORGE DOWNEY.

ANY Person, who wants Public Tobacco, in any of the
Counties, except Prince-George's and Frederick, may
be supplied, by applying to the Subscriber; who sells the To-
bacco, belonging to the Honourable Benjamin Young, Esq.
CHARLES CARROLL.

TO BE SOLD,

PART of a good Stone House, very fit for a Store, situ-
ated near Bladenburg; the same will be sold very reason-
ably. Any Person inclinable to purchase, by applying to the
Subscriber in Annapolis, or at the said House, may be inform'd
of the Terms of Sale. CATHERINE PRITCHARD.

FIVE PISTOLES REWARD.

RAN away from the Subscriber, on the 21st of April last,
John Maxfield, about 5 Feet 10 Inches high, luffy and
well-set, by Trade a Shoemaker, and undertakes Gardening;
he halts in his Gate, has large swell'd Legs, and was born (as
he says) in Yorkburg; but when he speaks fast, has a small
Impediment in his Speech, and talks more like an Irishman;
He has on a light colour'd Cloth Coat, an Elk Skin Jacket,
Leather Breeches, and a Flaxen Wig. Whoever secures him,
so as the Subscriber may have him again, shall have Five Pis-
toles Reward. DAVID ROSS.

Note, He is a fly palavering Fellow, and, if not well se-
cur'd, will endeavour to escape.

TURLINGTON'S BALSAM,

SO much fam'd for the many wonderful Cures it has per-
formed in several Parts of the World, is Sold at the Post-
Office in Annapolis.

April 18, 1750.

RAN away on the 12th of this Instant at Night, from the
Subscriber, a Convict Servant Man, named John Ser-
gentson, about 5 Feet 8 Inches high, a luffy broad well-set Fel-
low, much pock-fretten, speaks the Yorkshire Dialect, has been
brought up a Jockey, and understands making of Nets: it is
probable he will make towards Annapolis, having liv'd some
Time with Mr. John Campbell there. He had on a brown
Coat mix'd with grey, a fustian Jacket, a light colour'd cot-
ton ditto, both double-breasted with brass buttons, a Pair of
wide Trowsers, and a white Shirt. Whoever secures the said
Servant, and brings him to his Master, living near John Tho-
mas's on Swinder's Manner, shall receive a Pistol Reward.

HUGH THOMAS.

N. B. He is a bold impudent fly Fellow, and is supposed
to have taken with him a young Bay Stallion, with a new Bri-
dle and a middling good Saddle.

ALL Persons indebted to the Estate of Richard Bennett,
late of Queen Anne's County, Esq; deceased, upon Bill,
Bond, Account, or otherwise, are hereby desired to come and
adjust their respective Balances: And those who have any De-
mands on the Estate of the said Richard Bennett, are desired to
bring in their Accounts, and they shall be duly paid by the
Subscriber; who will attend on Monday and Wednesday in a
very Week, at his Dwelling-House on Wye River, in Talbot
County, for the Purposes aforesaid.

EDWARD LLOYD, Executor.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by JONAS GREEN, POST-MASTER, at his PRINTING OFFICE in
Charles-Street; where Advertisements are taken in, and all Persons may be supplied with this Paper.